

## DETERMINING A LIST PRICE

To determine an accurate list price, we look at:

- 1. Homes in your area currently for sale
  - Potential competition
- 2. Homes in your area that have recently SOLD
  - Market reality
- 3. Homes in your area that did not sell
  - Overpriced properties

#### WHAT YOU SHOULD KNOW

- Realistic pricing will achieve maximum price in reasonable time.
- Your cost or profit desire is irrelevant; the market determines the price.
- The cost of improvements are almost always more than the added value.
- Houses that remain on the market for a long time do not get shown.
- Serious, educated buyers know when a house is priced too high.
- A house that is priced right from the beginning achieves the best results.

### FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED IN PRICING

- 1. Location
- Age of the building
- 3. Price per square foot
- 4. Condition of the condo (renovated vs not renovated)
- 5. Building amenities
- 6. View
- 7. Floor
- 8. Condo fees
- 9. Parking/locker
- 10. Number of bathrooms



### GENERAL THINGS TO KEEP IN MIND

- 1. New condos will always sell for more because they had a higher price per square foot during construction.
- 2. Buyers are very attracted to new/shiny and will always pay more for that.
- 3. Older building have lower ceilings and tend to "feel" smaller and darker.
- 4. Many "Sold Statistics" are very general reported on a larger area.
- 5. Staging: Cost 1-3% of the list price: Generates 8-10% return FOR THE SELLER.

# FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED IN PRICING

- 1. By square foot.
- 2. By most recent sale.
- 3. By time adjust (if there are no recent sales).

BUYERS ARE EDUCATED. THEY HAVE ACCESS TO SOLD INFORMATION.
BUYERS REFERENCE PAST SOLDS AND BASE THEIR OFFER PRICE ON THAT INFORMATION.

### DANGERS TO OVERPRICING

- 1. Property will not get shown.
- 2. It will stay for sale for longer.
- 3. Property WILL sell for less than if you had priced it right. Buyers believe they will get a deal.

